2 587 347 CANCER SURINORS

106 168

CANCER SURVIVORS

NON-HODGKIN

LYMPHOMA



Y

PROPOR PER 10

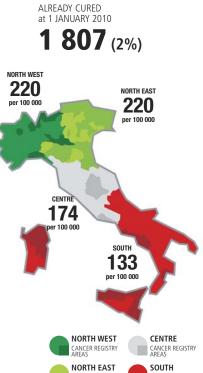
LINFOMA NON-HODGKIN NON-HODGKIN LYMPHOMA

COMPLETE PREVALENCE BY YEARS SINCE DIAGNOSIS

(EARS 🗲	<u>≤</u> 2	(2 - 5]	(5 - 10]	(10 - 15]	(15 - 20]	> 20
No. 🗲	18 577	23 331	25 656	16 826	9 333	12 444
% →	17%	22%	24%	16%	9%	12%
RTION → 00 000	33	41	46	30	17	22
	MALE 51%					FEMALE 49 %

COMPLETE PREVALENCE BY SEX, MACRO-AREA, AND AGE (PROPORTION PER 100 000)

AGE CLASS →	0-44	45-59	60-74	75+	ALL AGES
MALE					
NORTH WEST	59	240	499	672	228
NORTH EAST	53	253	521	775	232
CENTRE	48	222	356	550	178
SOUTH	53	182	344	395	145
POOL	54	225	451	619	199
FEMALE					
NORTH WEST	40	191	441	499	212
NORTH EAST	43	195	431	540	208
CENTRE	40	185	349	423	170
SOUTH	34	153	278	292	122
POOL	39	180	384	453	178
BOTH SEXES					
NORTH WEST	49	215	468	561	220
NORTH EAST	48	224	474	625	220
CENTRE	44	203	352	472	174
SOUTH	43	167	309	333	133
POOL	47	202	416	515	188





COMPLETE PREVALENCE

Overall number (or proportion) of cancer survivors

TIME TO CURE

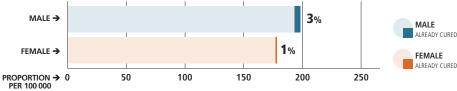
Time span after cancer diagnosis necessary to eliminate excess mortality due to cancer. It is measured as the time necessary to reach a 5-year conditional relative survival (that is the probability to survive additional five years) >95%.

ALREADY CURED SURVIVORS Patients who have survived longer than time to cure.

CURE FRACTION

Proportion of cancer patients who are expected to reach the same death rates of the general population and will not die as a result of their cancer.

COMPLETE PREVALENCE AND PROPORTION OF ALREADY CURED SURVIVORS BY SEX



CURE FRACTION AND TIME TO CURE BY AGE AT DIAGNOSIS AND SEX FOR CANCER PATIENTS DIAGNOSED IN ITALY IN 1985-2009

DI

	CURE FRACTION %		
AGE AT DIAGNOSIS	MALE	FEMALE	
0 - 44	43%	45%	
45 - 59	30%	29%	
60 - 74	18%	14%	
75+	12%	9%	

	TIME TO CURE YEARS		
AGE AT IAGNOSIS	MALE	FEMALE	
0 - 44	21	25	
45 - 59	>25	>25	
60 - 74	>25	>25	
75+	>25	>25	

85